



COST MP0601

# Short Wavelength Laboratory Sources

## Summary of WG3 activities

Ladislav Pina

Paris November 2011

# INTEGRATED SYSTEMS

## **EUV-XUV-SXR-HXR Laboratory Sources**

X-ray tube, Laser plasma, Capillary Discharge plasma, Gas-Puff plasma, Other Plasma, Liquid Metal Jet plasma, Inverse Compton Scattering, HHG, Coherent, Non Coherent,

## **EUV-XUV-SXR-HXR Optics and Optical Systems**

Reflective – Grazing Incidence Single Bounce and Multi Bounce, Polycapillaries, Multilayer Structures

Refractive – Compound Lenses

Diffraction – Gratings, Fresnel Lenses, Bragg-Fresnel Lenses, Crystals

Imaging, Non Imaging

## **EUV-XUV-SXR-HXR Detectors**

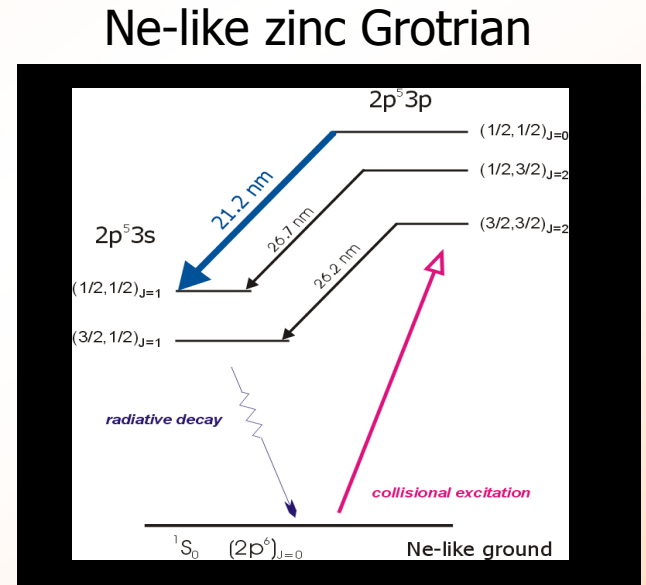
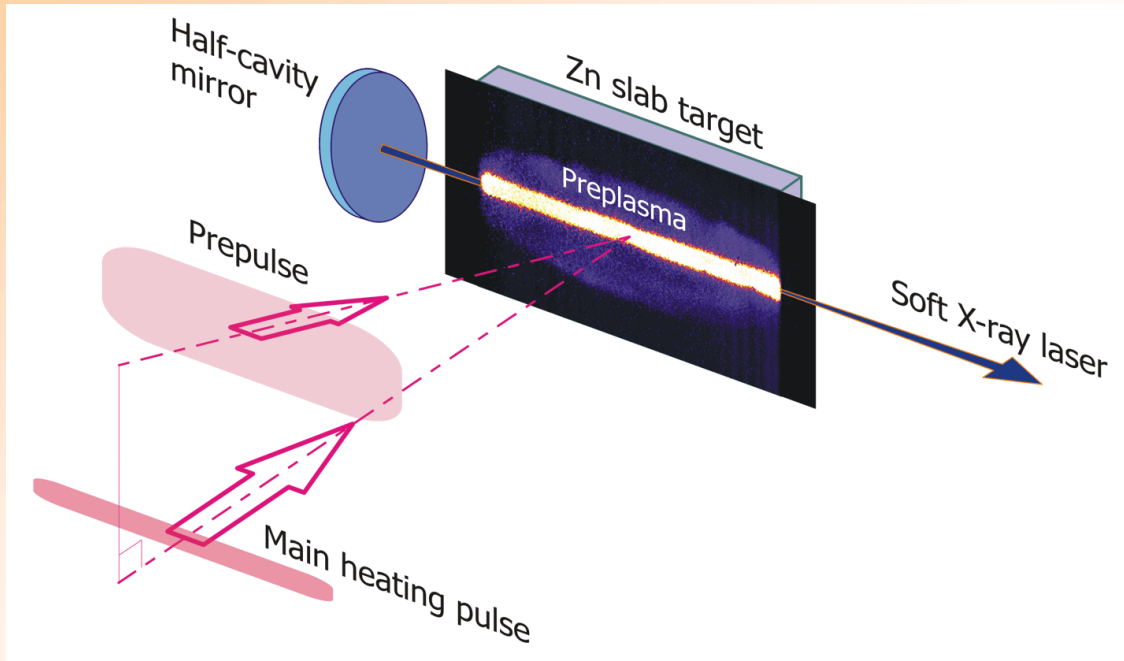
Number of Pixels, Time resolution, Space resolution, Spectral Range, Sensitivity, Gas, Electron Multiplication, Semiconductor, Scintillator

## WG3 Summary Paris 2011

### WG 3. Integrated Systems: Sources, Optics and Detectors

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- Ladislav Pina Imaging with refractive x-ray multiple lens system and 8 keV microfocus x-ray source
- Libor Sveda Forming of high intensity focal spot with PALS XUV laser
- Rafał Rakowski Characterization of multilayer mirrors using a compact laser plasma EUV source
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- Franz Schaefers RAY – the BESSY raytrace program for x-ray optical systems
- Leszek Ryc Application of single-crystal CVD diamond detectors to diagnostics of x-ray
- Takeyoshi Taguchi X-ray generator development at RIGAKU
- Przemyslaw Wachulak Soft x-ray sources in the water-window spectral region based on a gas-puff target

# Ne-like collisionally pumped zinc soft X-ray laser



Pump: 300-ps laser pulses, wavelength 1.3  $\mu\text{m}$

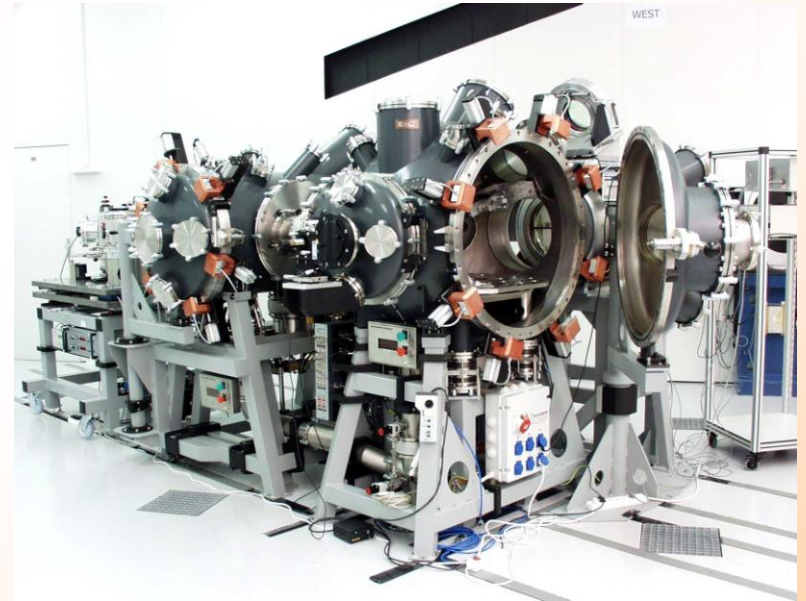
Weak prepulse ( $< 10^{11} \text{ Wcm}^{-2}$ ) applied 10 or **50 ns** ahead of the main pulse

Main pulse produces  $\sim 4 \times 10^{13} \text{ Wcm}^{-2}$

Hydrodynamics / atomic kinetics of plasmas produced by two laser pulses separated by very long delay is largely unexplored

# PALS iodine laser facility

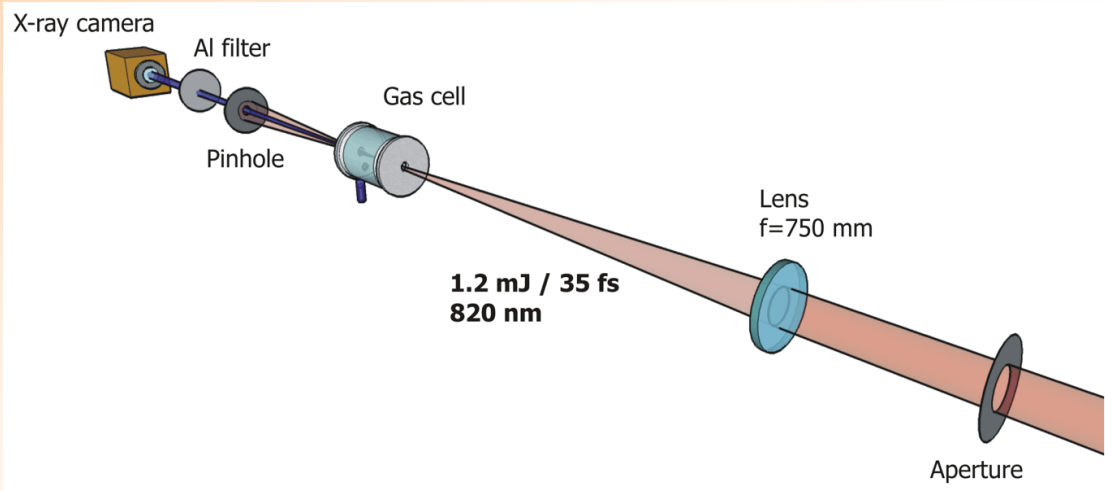
**1kJ/1.3 $\mu$ m/300 ps** available in one main + 2 aux beamlines



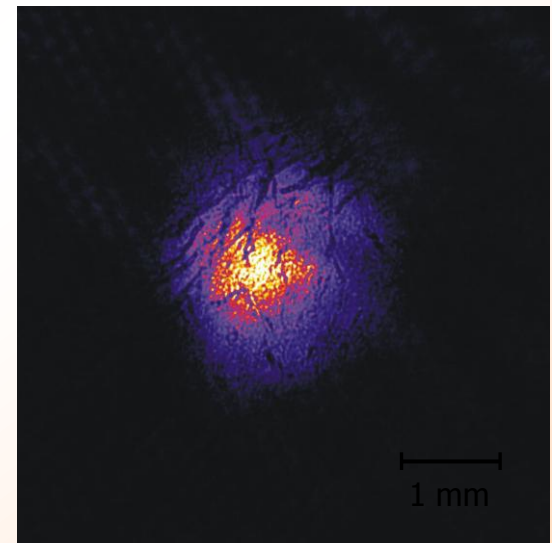
- “standard” facility for laser-matter interaction experiments
- programmatic user applications of multi-mJ soft X-ray laser

# HHG generation using Ti:Sapph front end @ 1 kHz

## Experimental setup

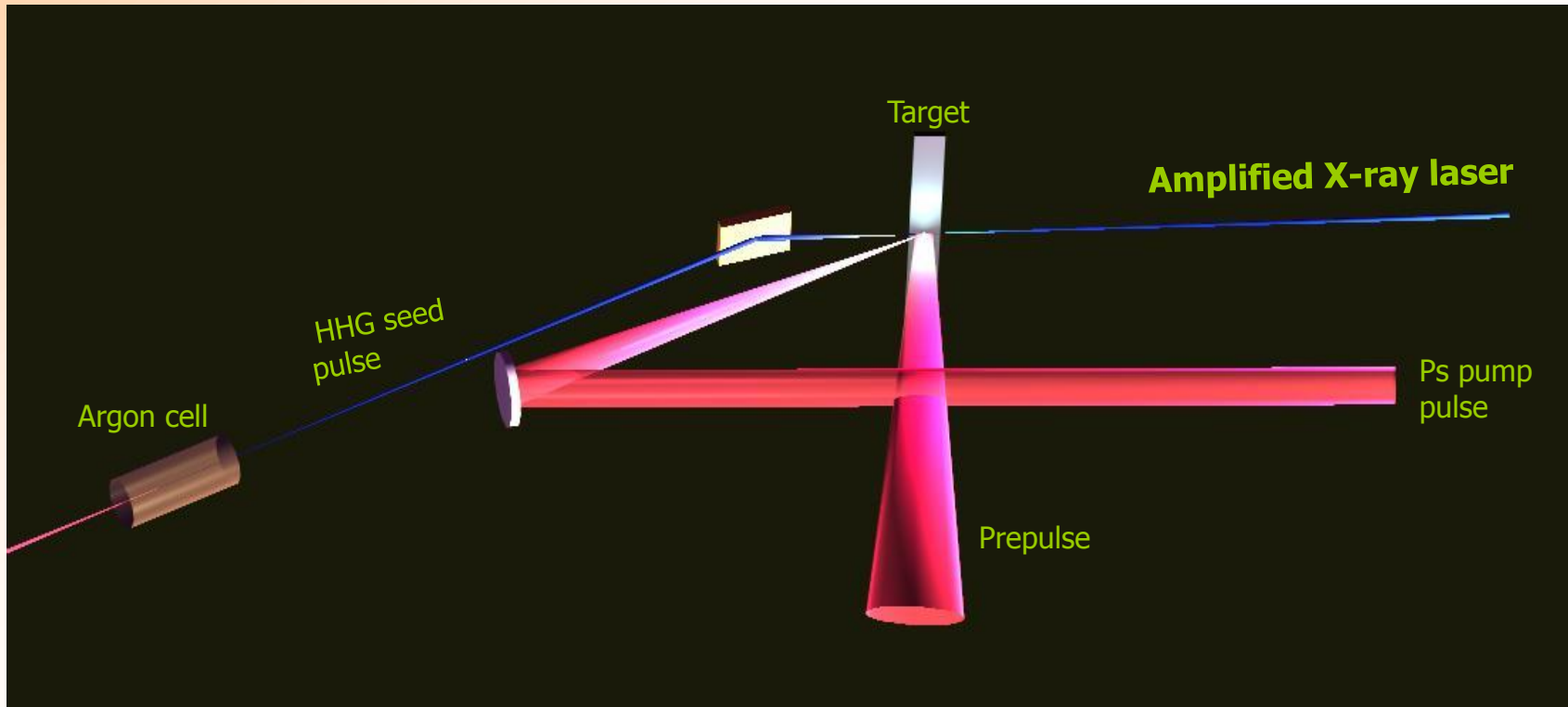


## HHG beam footprint spectrally integrated, $\lambda_c \sim 30 \text{ nm}$



40 mbar Ar, 12 mm cell length  
 $\sim 100$  shots

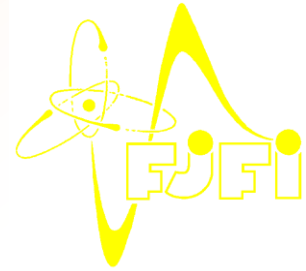
## Injector – Amplifier scheme



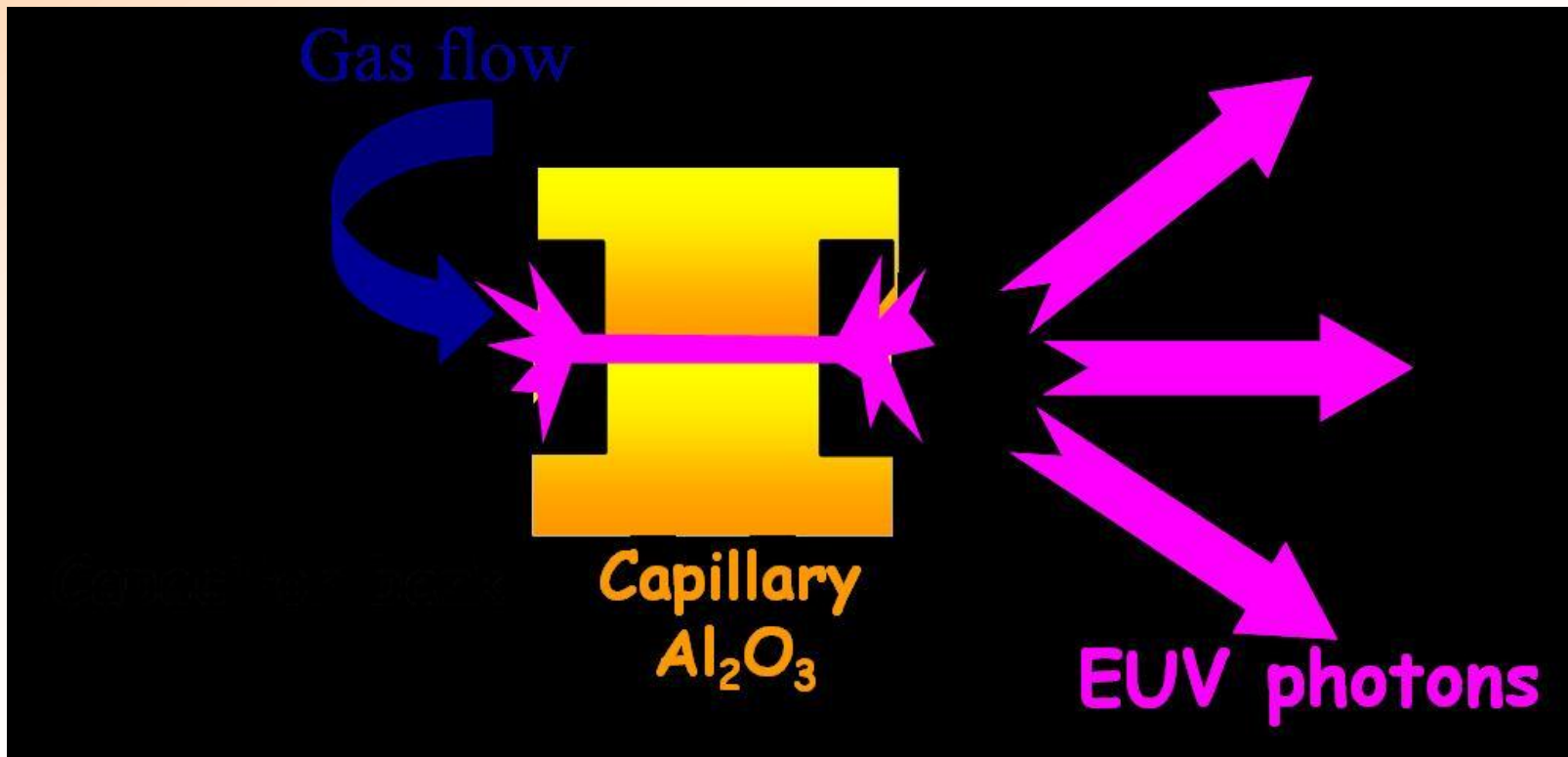
J.J. Rocca, University of Colorado (2006/7)

### **XUV beam features**

- nearly 100% space coherence
- low divergence (1 mrad)
- fs pulse

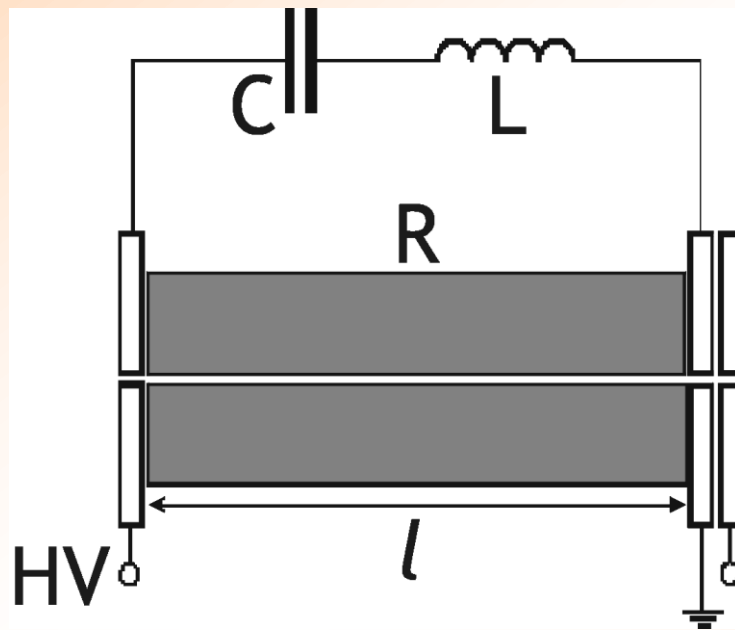


# Pinching Capillary Discharge (CD)





# Capillary discharge

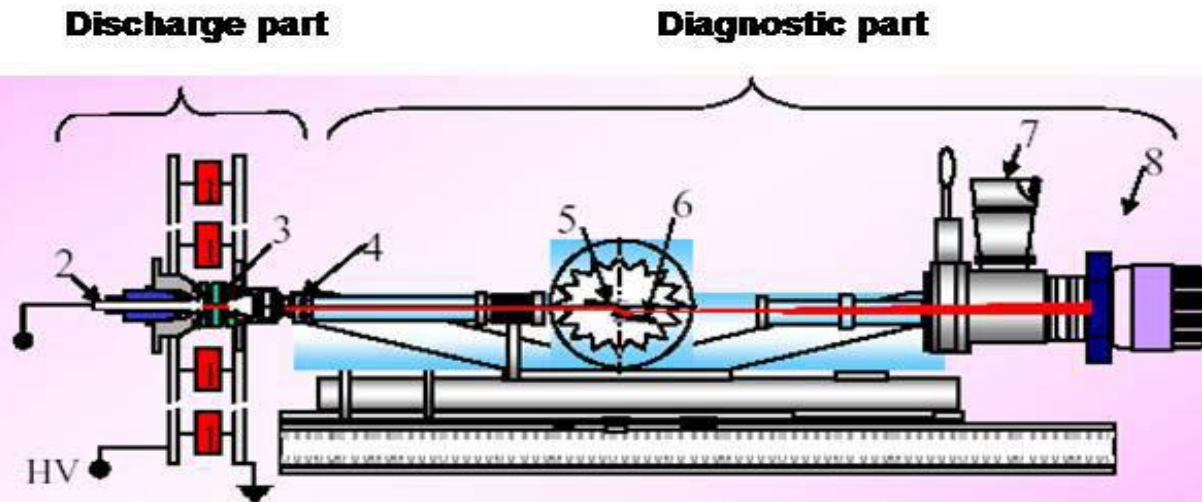


- Alumina capillary ( $l = 5$  cm,  $r_0 = 0.5-1.5$  mm) is mounted in axial position of capacitor bank
- The RLC discharge circuit is under critically damped with the half-period  $T_{1/4} = 40$  ns
- Maximum peak current  $I_{max} = 50$  kA.

# CTU

## Capillary Discharge System

### 40 kV, 15 kA



1: Knob capacitor of 4nF

2: Axial view

3: Alumina capillary  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$

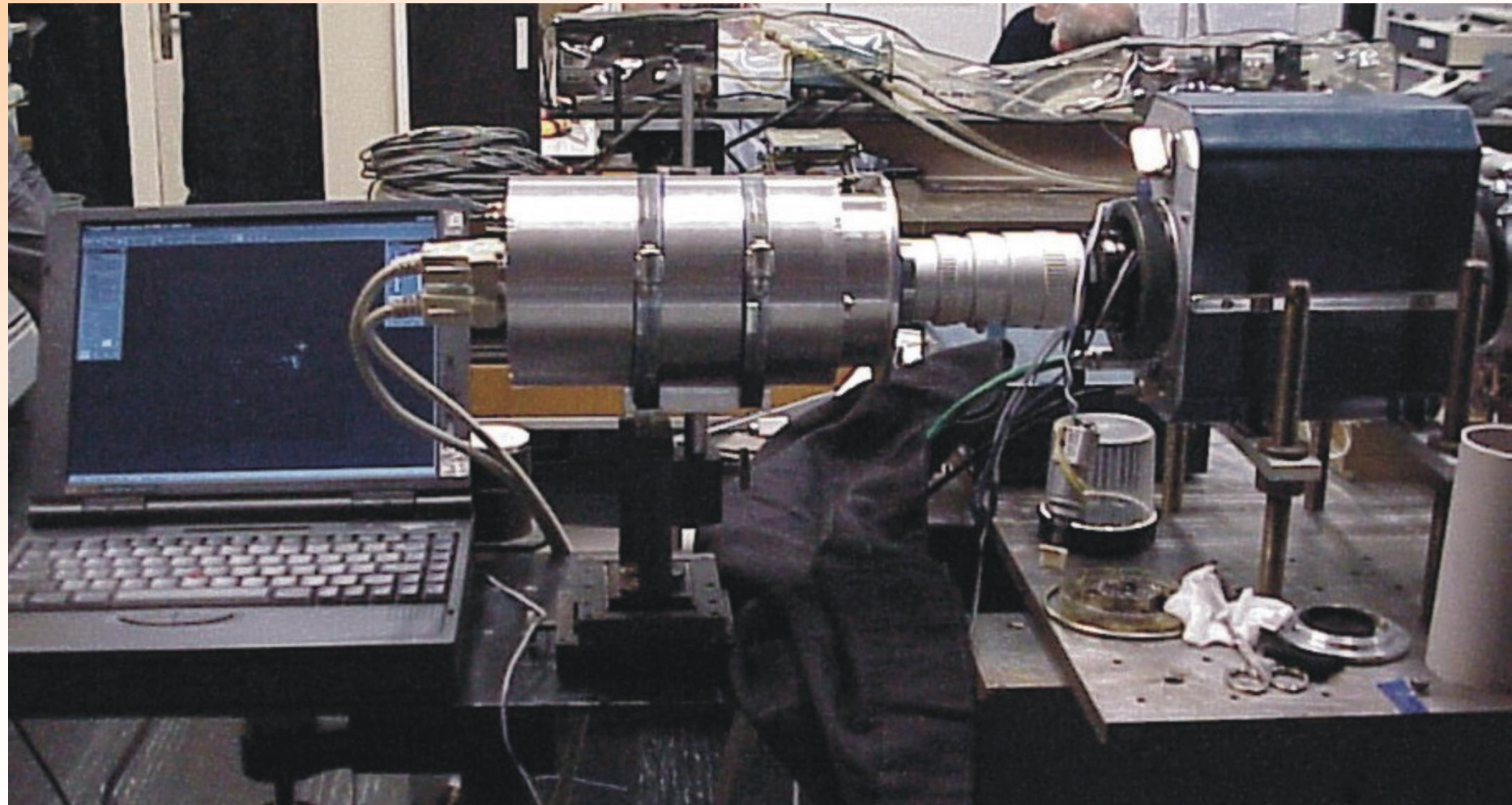
4: Entrance slit of the spectrometer

5: Torroidal mirror

6: Reflective grating 800l/mm

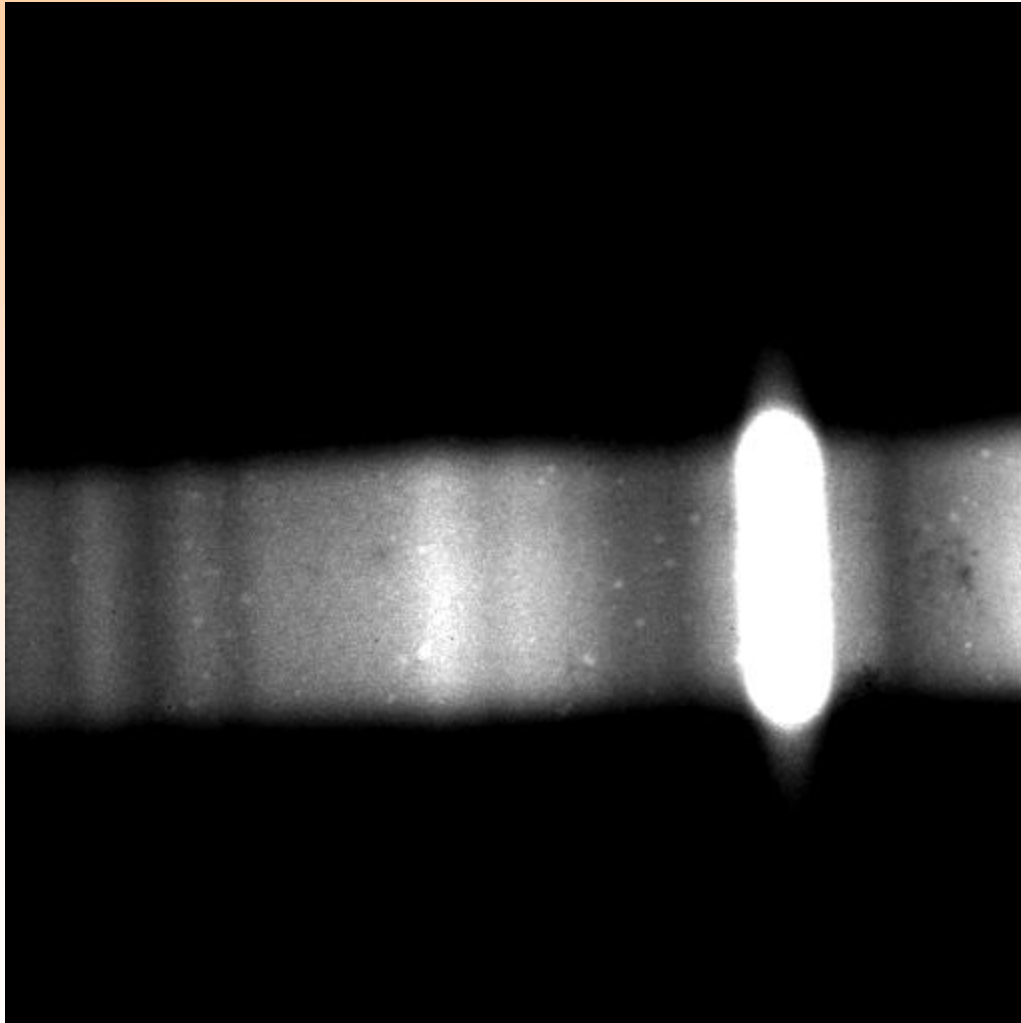
7: Turbo molecular pump

8: Gated MCP and ICCD camera





# XUV SPECTRUM OF CD RADIATION



Energy Range

30 eV to 120 eV

Capillary Discharge

TGS

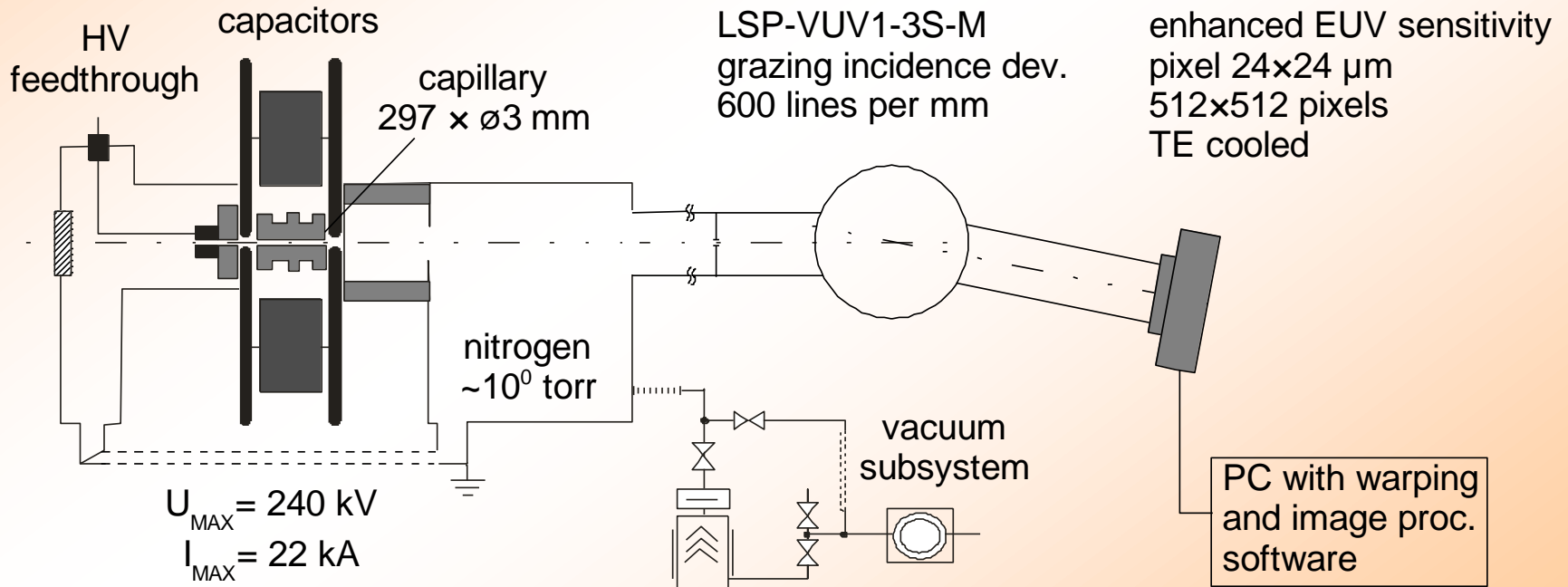
Czech Tech. Univ. Prague

# CTU Diagnostics at l'Aquila Capillary Discharge System

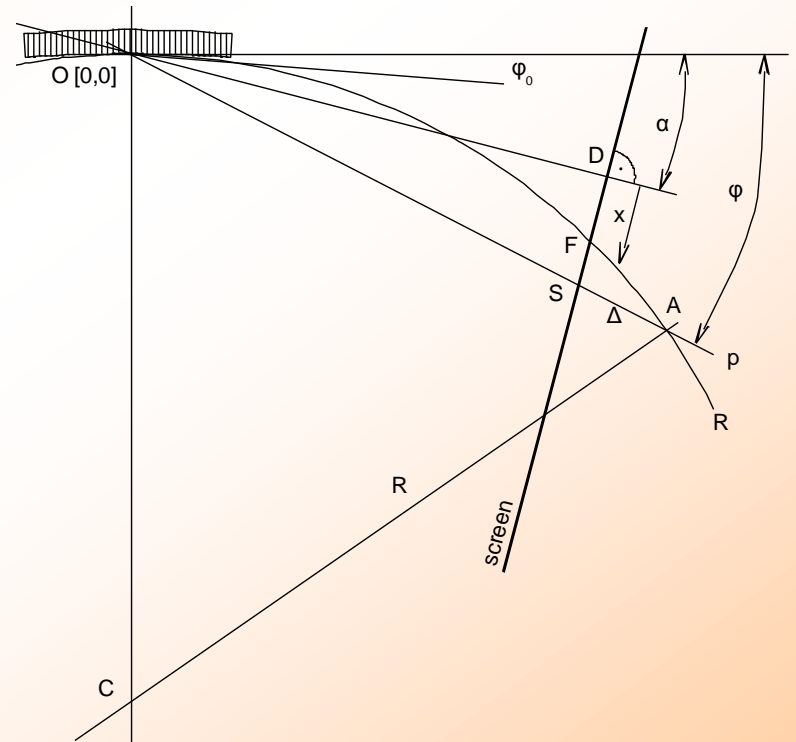
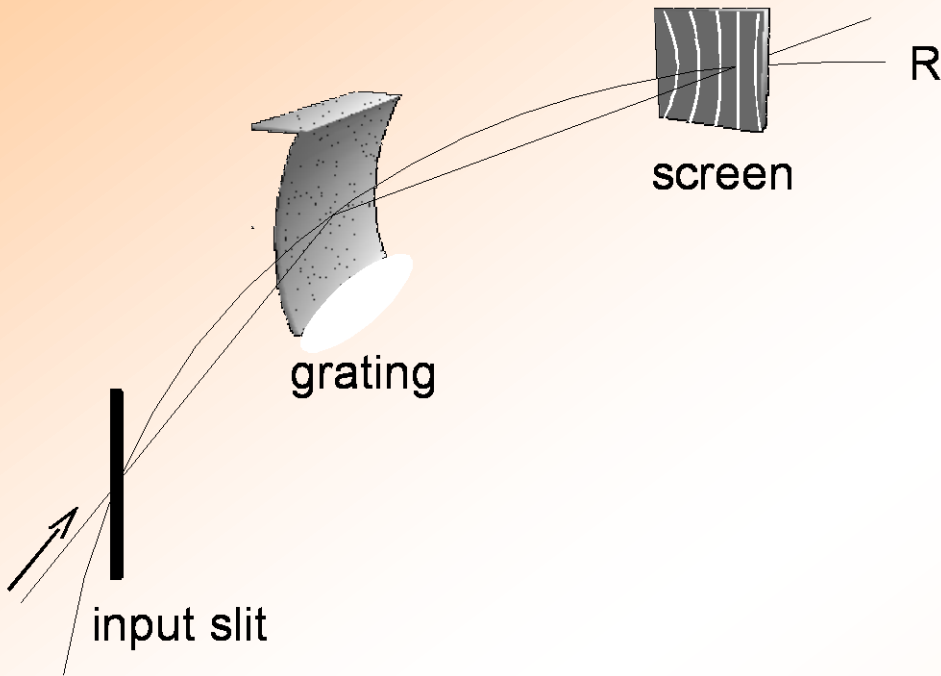
## Capillary source

## Spectrograph

## CCD



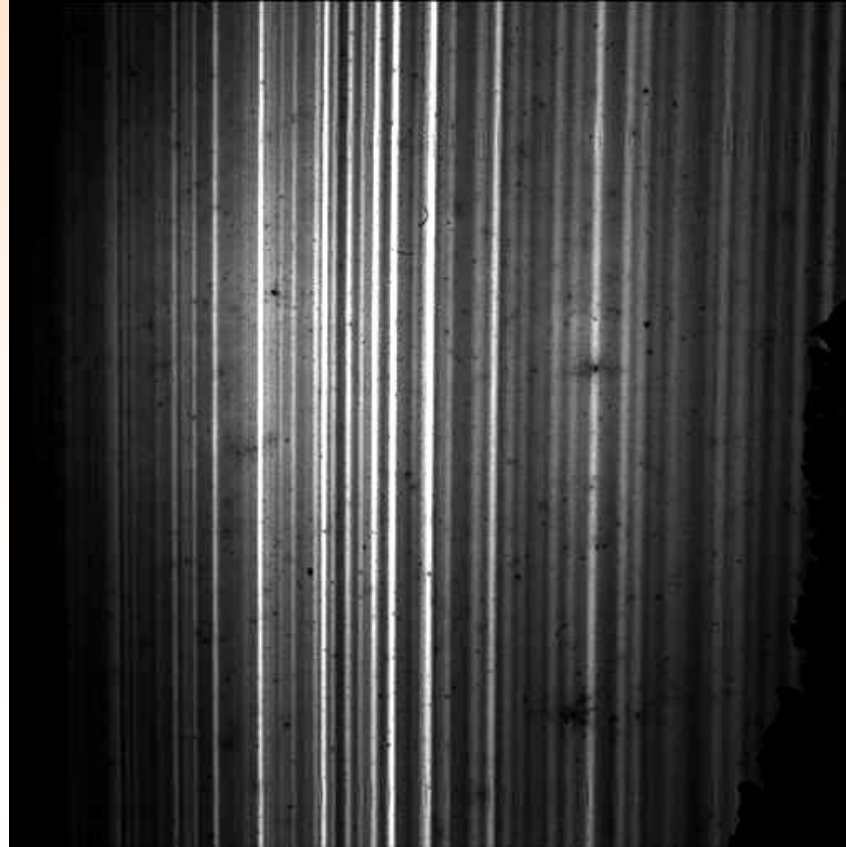
# Imaging EUV spectrometer



Reflection grating EUV spectrometer with the slit, toroidal grating and BI CCD detector placed on a Rowland circle.

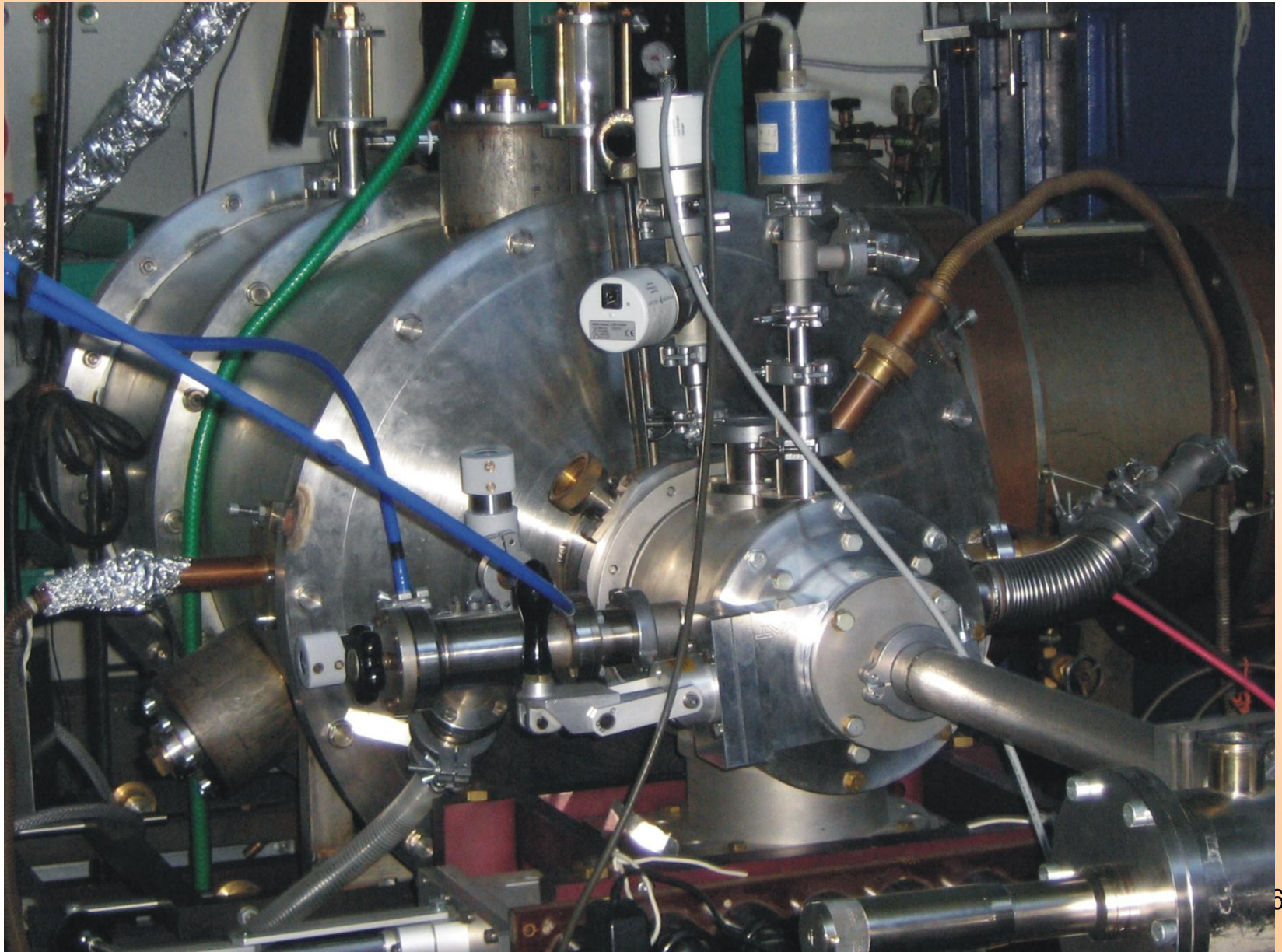
Rowland geometry in imaging spectrometer.

# EUV spectra detection, restoration and peaks identification

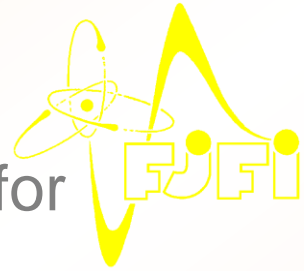


BI CCD image of time integrated spectral lines in the range from 10 nm to 30 nm (Nitrogen filled capillary). Wavelength is on horizontal axis and space coordinate along the input spectrometer slit is on vertical axis.

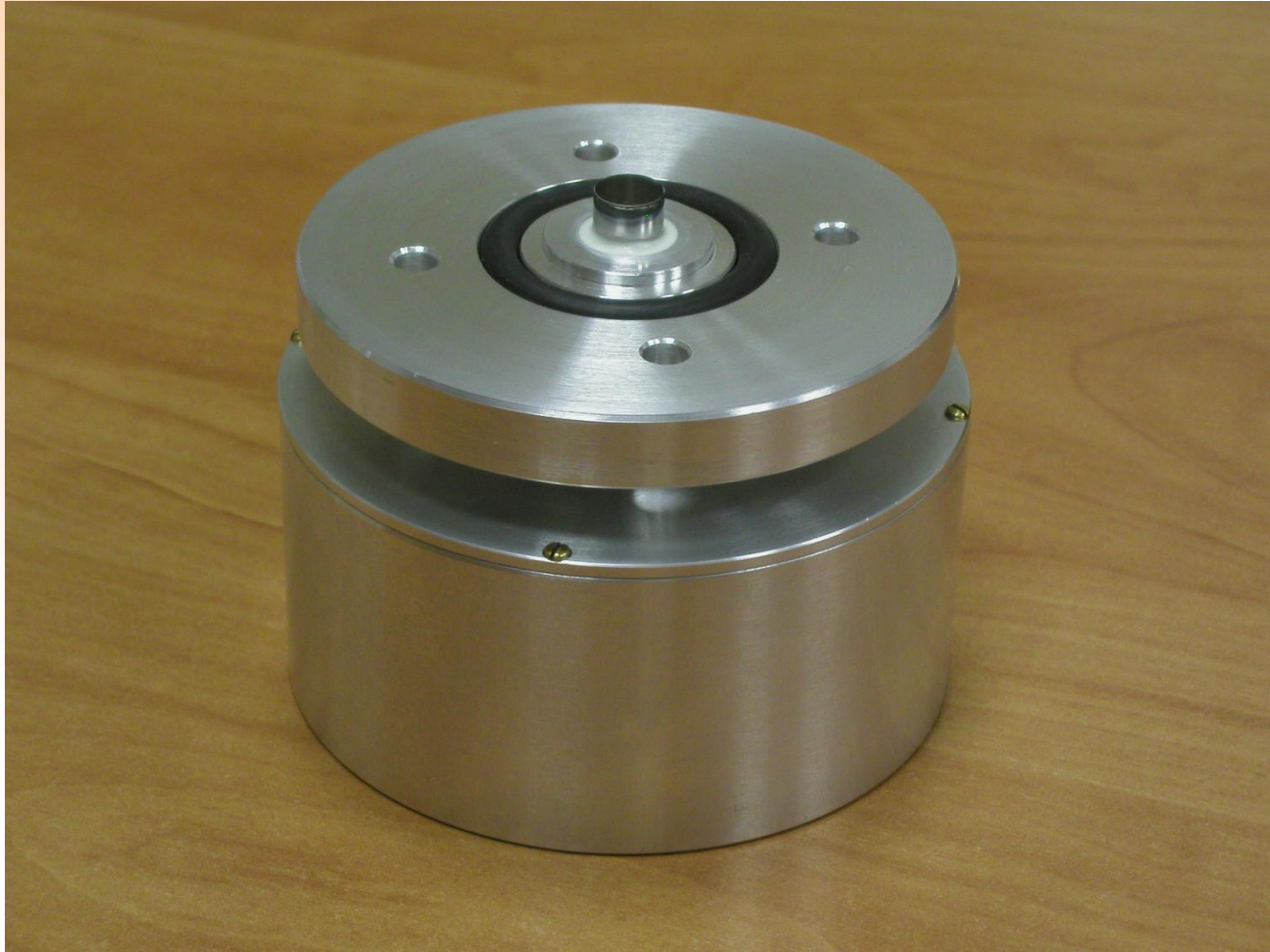
# IPP CAS CAPEX Capillary Discharge Experimental Setup





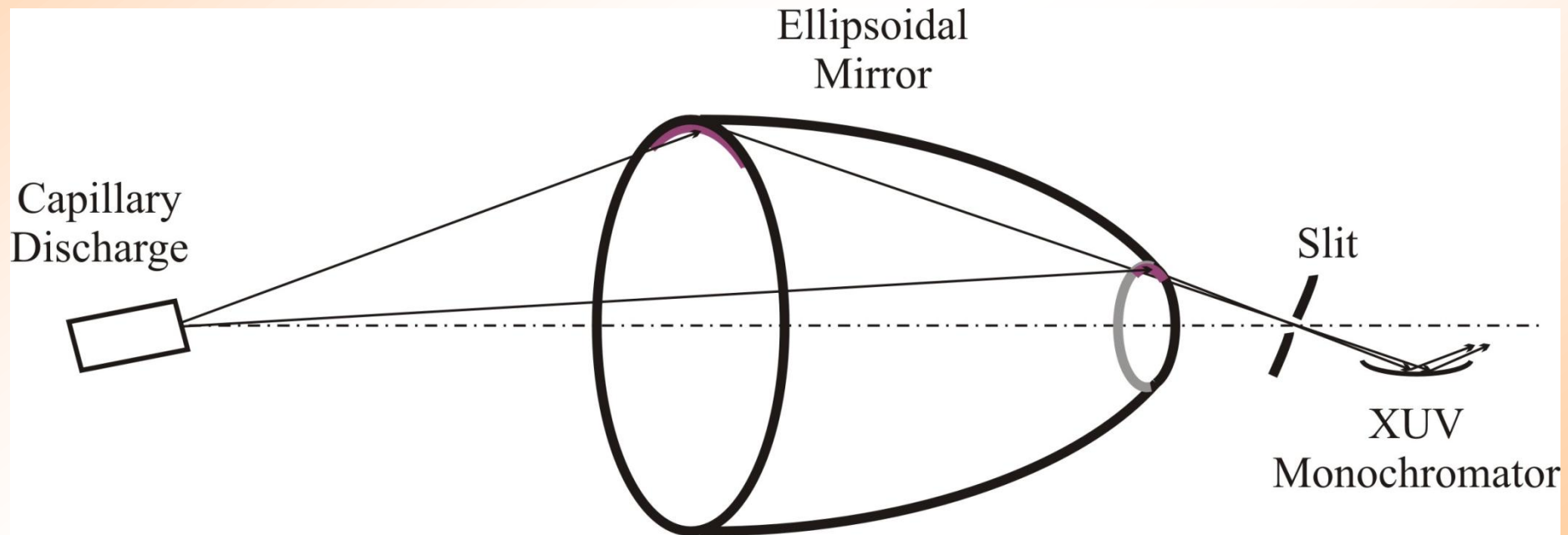


# Fast scintillator & photomultiplier detector unit for CD time diagnostics





# Experimental Arrangement of XUV Spectrometer with XUV Optics

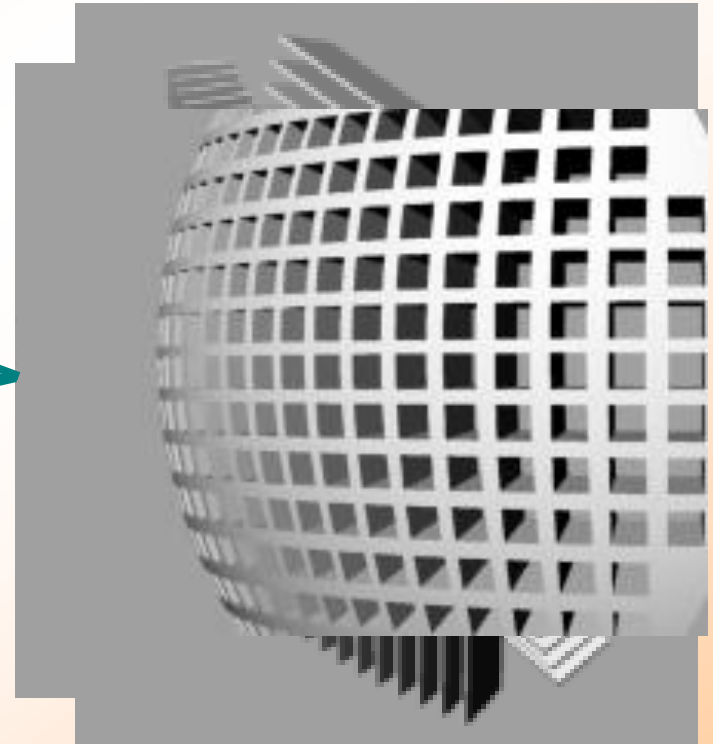
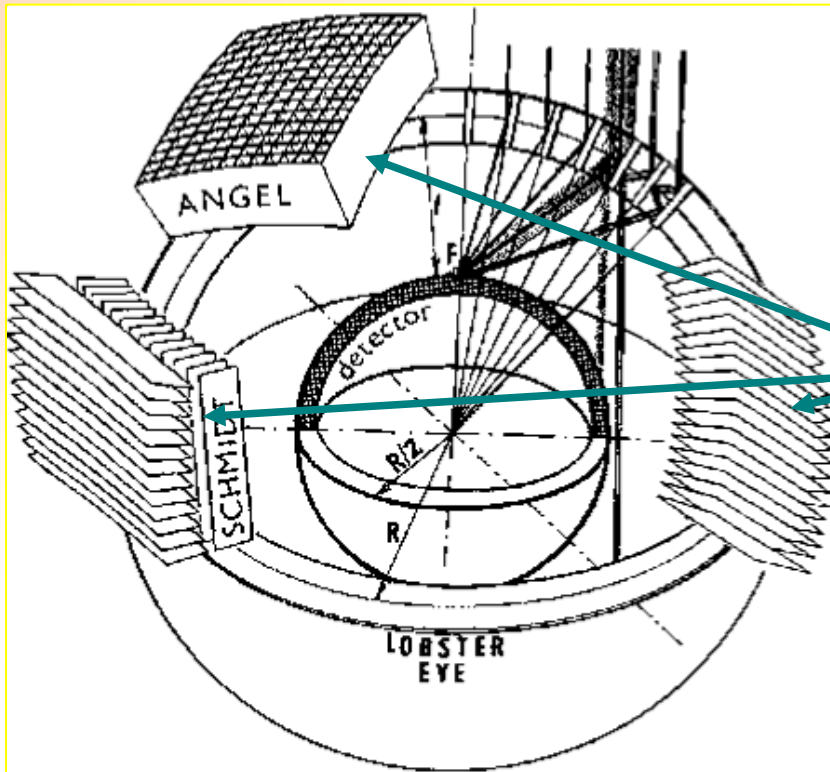




# XUV ELLIPSOIDAL MIRROR for 50 to 120 eV range



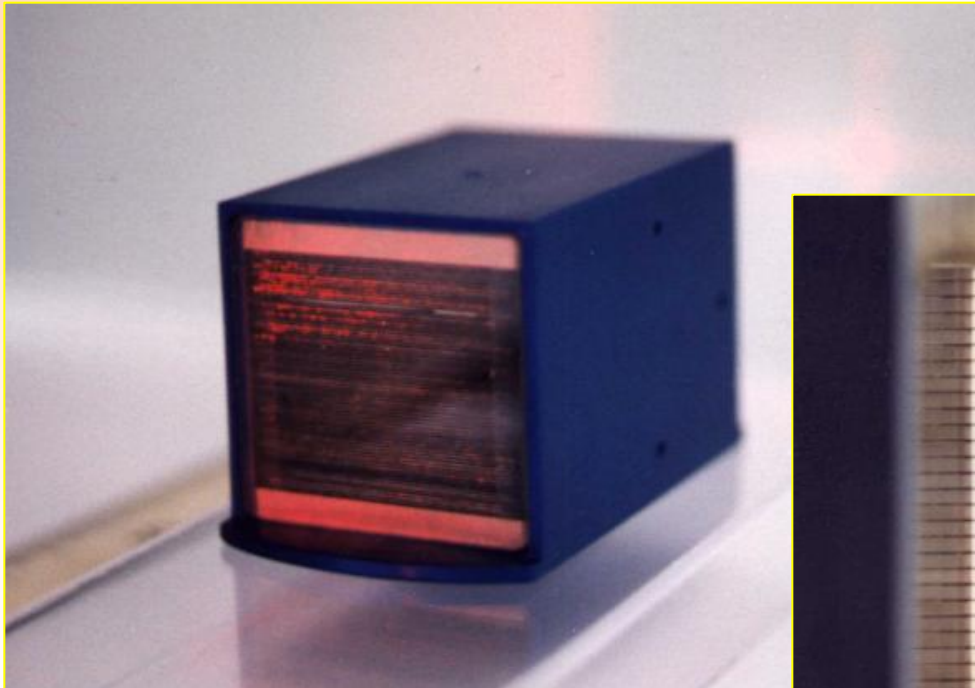
# Lobster Eye Optic Concept



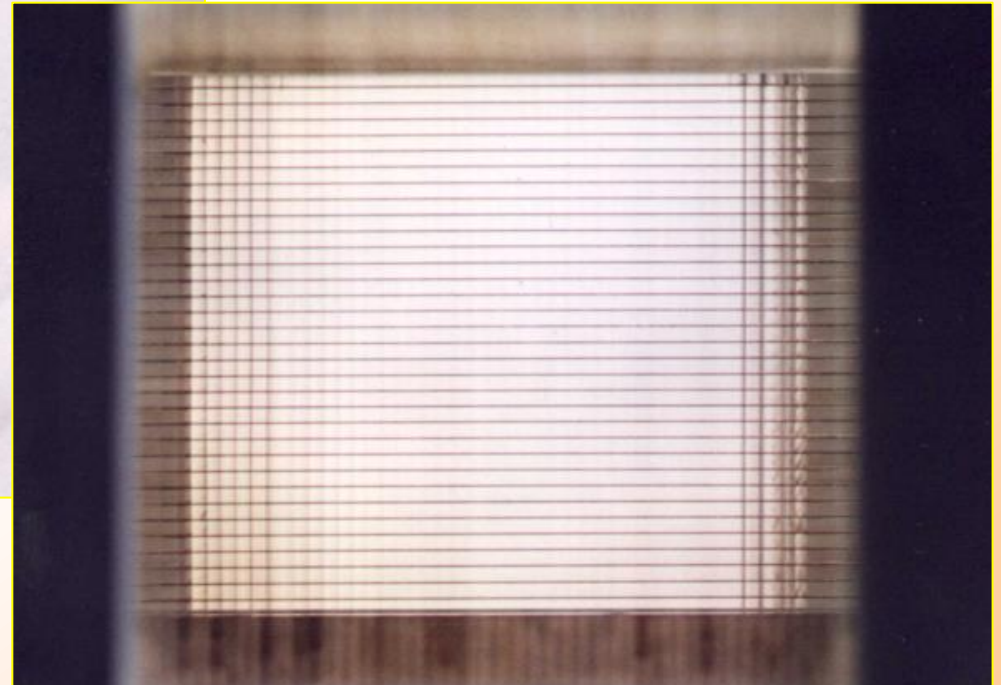
# Multi-Foil Optic – Lobster Eye

MFO in Schmidt  
Lobster Eye arrangement

- additional coatings
- thin foils
- shape variations

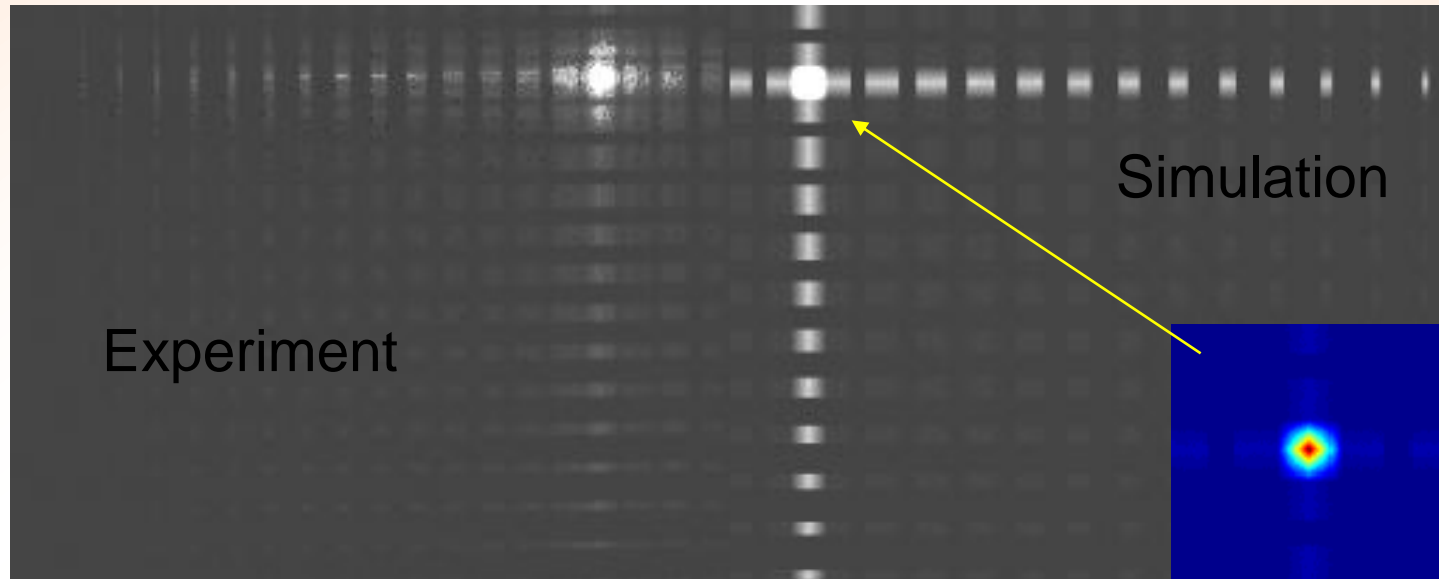


20 x 20 mm front area  
100  $\mu\text{m}$  thickness, 300  $\mu\text{m}$  spacing

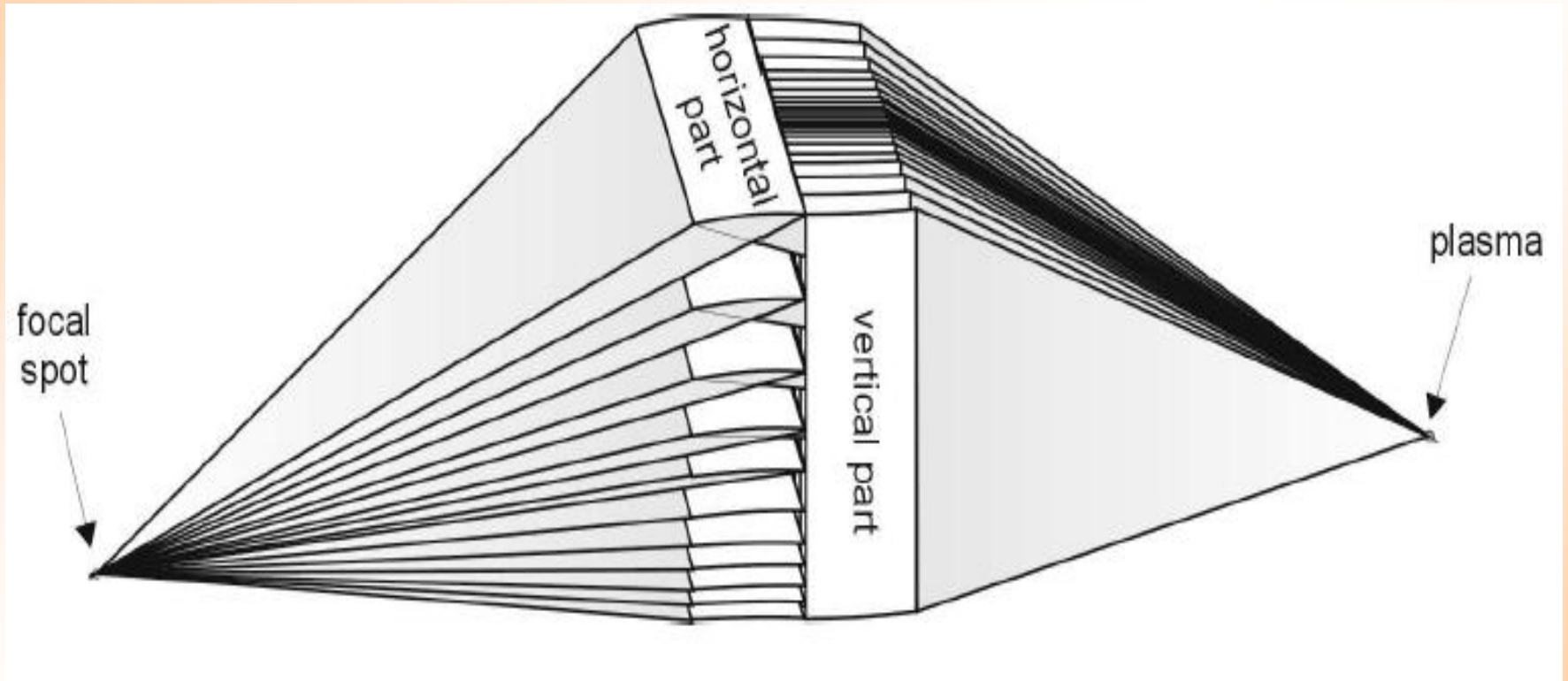


# LE for X-ray focusing

- Point-to-point focusing system
- Source: 50  $\mu\text{m}$  size, 8 keV photons
- Source-detector distance: 1.2 m, 8 keV photons
- Detector: 512x512 pixels, 24x24  $\mu\text{m}$  pixel size
- Gain:  $\sim 570$  (experiment) vs.  $\sim 584$  (comp. simulation)

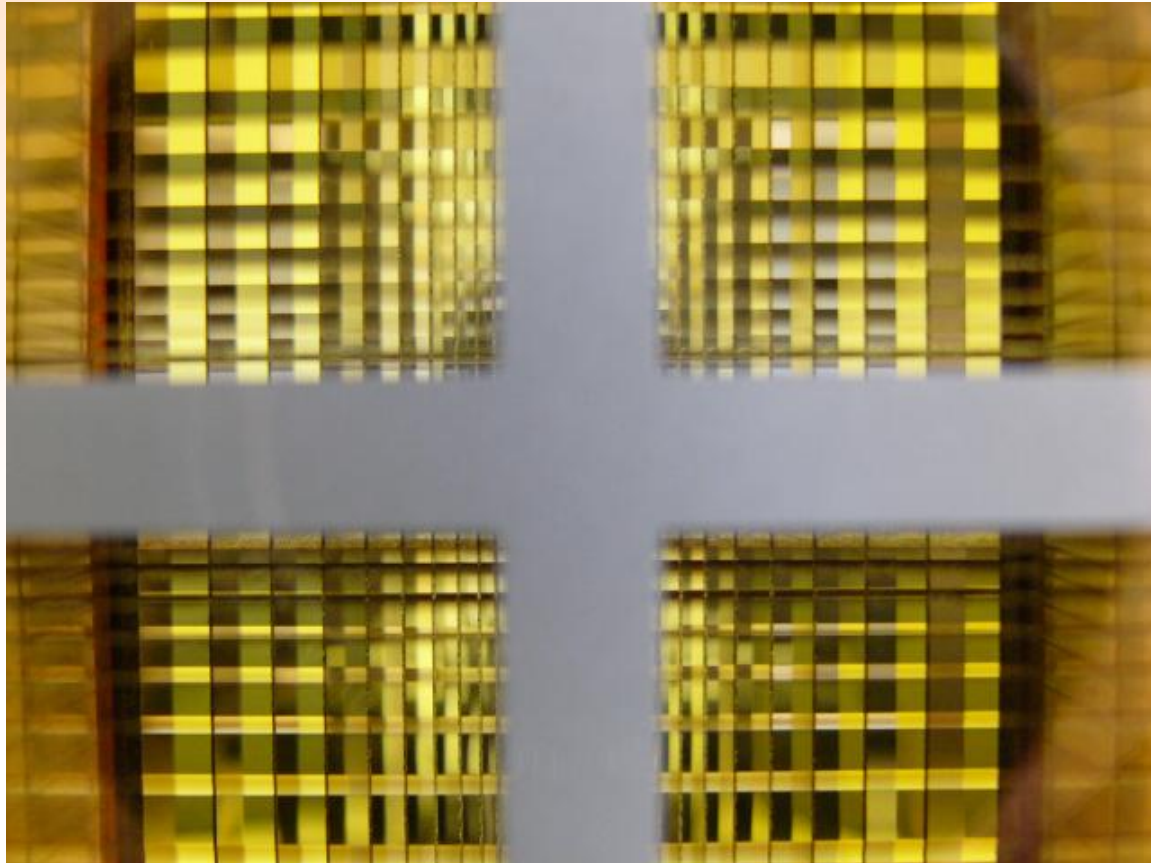


# MFO - XUV Elliptic Kirkpatrick-Baez Condenser



Schematic view of one half of the multi-foil (MFO) XUV bifacial Kirkpatrick-Baez condenser.

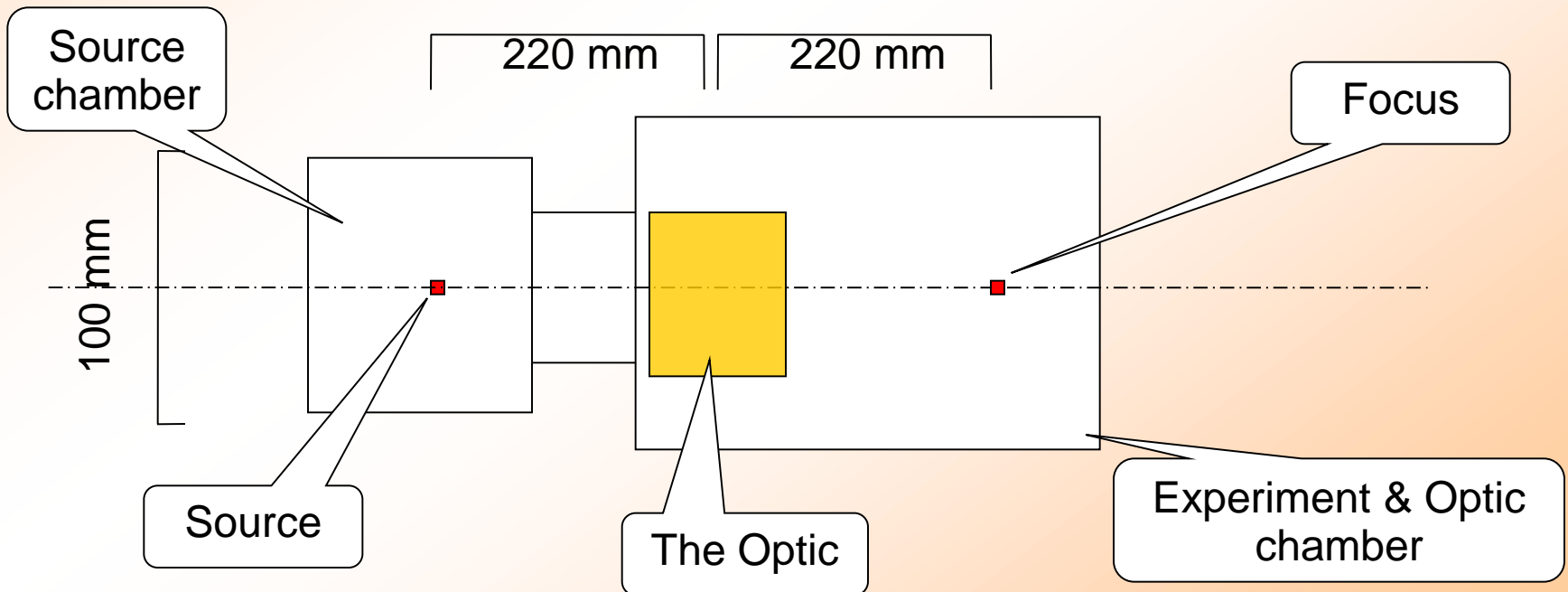
# Lobster Eye EUV Optics





# MFO - XUV Elliptic Kirkpatrick-Baez Condenser

- Focusing X-Rays from the source to the point ~44 cm distant
- Working for 13.5 nm photons
- Source diameter ~100-500  $\mu\text{m}$
- Focus diameter < 1000  $\mu\text{m}$
- Dimensions limitation to ~10x10 cm



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**Thank You**









